

ABSTRACT**METHOD FOR ASSESSING RISK OF AND PREDISPOSITION TO DEVELOPMENT OF A PATHOLOGY RELATED TO THE PRESENCE OF ANTI-EPCR AUTOANTIBODIES**

5

The present invention relates to a method for detecting the presence of high levels of autoantibodies against protein C/activated protein C endothelial receptor (EPCR). The invention is characterised in that it comprises *in vitro* detection and quantification of anti-EPCR autoantibodies in a sample.